

of the General Hospital in Montreal, or of the charitable institutions in the province of Quebec, other than those given below :—

PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS IN CANADA, 1892.

INSTITUTIONS BY PROVINCES.	Number of Institutions.	Males.	Females	Number of Inmates	Number of Deaths.	Proport'n of Deaths to Total Number treated.
Ontario—						
General hospitals.	29	5,855	5,549	11,404	758	6·65
Deaf and dumb institution, Belleville.	1	158	127	285	1	0·35
Blind institution, Brantford	1	85	70	155	.....	.....
Houses of refuge.	32	1,477	1,775	3,252	208	7·40
Magdalen asylums.	2	.....	142	142	1	0·70
Orphan asylums.	26	1,882	1,860	3,742	114	3·05
Quebec—						
Deaf and dumb institutions.	4	.....	.....	416	.....	.....
Blind institution, Montreal.	2	.....	.....	138	.....	.....
Industrial and reformatory schools.	9	710	511	1,221	14	1·14
Nova Scotia—						
General hospital.	1	756	348	1,104	56	5·07
Deaf and dumb institution.	1	45	26	71	1	1·41
Blind institution.	1	37	17	54	1	1·85
Poor-houses.	13	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	615	39	6·34
New Brunswick—						
General hospital, St. John.	1	366	232	598	29	4·85
Deaf and dumb institution.	1	18	19	37	.....	.....
Manitoba—						
General hospitals.	3	985	501	<i>d</i> 1,686	74	4·4
Home for incurables.	1	33	22	55	7	1·27
Deaf and dumb institution.	1	23	17	40	1	2·50
Children's Home.	2	20	79	99	.....	.....
Women's "	1	.....	27	27	.....	.....
British Columbia—						
General hospitals.	13	1,001	202	<i>c</i> 1,338	90	6·75
Orphan's Home.	1	42	22	64	.....	.....
Houses of refuge.	4	.....	10	<i>b</i> 71	4	5·63
Juvenile reformatory.	1	5	.....	5	.....	.....

a Sex not given; 1890.

b Including 61, sex not given; returns from two not given.

c " 135 "

d " 200 "

1483. The next table gives the receipts and expenditures of the several institutions in 1892, distinguishing between Government aid and other receipts. The funds derived from other sources are generally made up of patients' fees, subscriptions and